Paired-domination in P_5 -free graphs.

Paul Dorbec^{*}, Sylvain Gravier[†]

ERTé "Maths à modeler" Institut Fourier, 100 rue des Maths, BP74 38402 Saint Martin D'Hères, France

Abstract

A set S of vertices in a graph G is a paired-dominating set of G if every vertex of G is adjacent to some vertex in S and if the subgraph induced by S contains a perfect matching. The paired-domination number of G, denoted by $\gamma_{\rm pr}(G)$, is the minimum cardinality of a paired-dominating set of G. In [?], the authors gave tight bounds for paired-dominating sets of generalized claw-free graphs. Yet, the critical cases are not claws but subdivided stars. We here give a bound for graphs containing no induced P_5 , which seems to be the critical case.

Keywords: bounds, paired-domination, P_5 -free AMS subject classification: 05C69

^{*}UJF, e-mail: paul.dorbec@imag.fr

[†]CNRS, e-mail: sylvain.gravier@imag.fr