### FO-Definable Constraint Satisfaction Problems joint work with Bartek Klin, Eryk Kopczyński Sławek Lasota and Szymon Toruńczyk

#### Joanna Ochremiak

UPC Barcelona / Simons Institute

#### {Symmetry, Logic, Computation}, Berkeley 9th November 2016

 $\mathbb{A} = \{a, b, c, \ldots\}$  - countably infinite set of *atoms* 

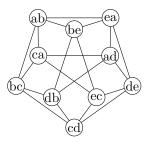
# $\mathbb{A} = \{a, b, c, \ldots\} \text{ - countably infinite set of$ *atoms* $}$ $(\mathbb{N}, =) \text{ (Mikołaj's talk)}$

### Graph Colorability

G - an **infinite**, undirected graph:

- vertices: pairs of distinct atoms: *ab*, *ad*, ...
- edges: ab bc, where a and c are distinct

Subgraph of *G*:



Question: Is the infinite graph G three-colorable?

### **Constraint Satisfaction Problem**

$$\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n)$$
 - a fixed finite *template*

**Problem:**  $CSP(\mathbb{T})$ **Input:** a finite structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

### **Constraint Satisfaction Problem**

$$\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n)$$
 - a fixed finite *template*

**Problem:**  $CSP(\mathbb{T})$ **Input:** a finite structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

#### **Examples:**

• 
$$\mathbb{T} = (\{0, 1, 2\}; \neq)$$
 - three-colorability

• 
$$\mathbb{T} = (\{0, 1\}; R_1, R_0)$$
 - linear equations mod 2  
 $R_1 = \{(x, y) \in \{0, 1\}^2 \mid x + y = 1 \mod 2\}$   
 $R_0 = \{(x, y, z) \in \{0, 1\}^3 \mid x + y + z = 0 \mod 2\}$ 

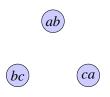
### **Definable Structures**

- domain is a set of tuples of atoms
- relations are defined by first-order formulae over  $(\mathbb{A}, =)$

### **Definable Structures**

- domain is a set of tuples of atoms
- relations are defined by first-order formulae over  $(\mathbb{A}, =)$

Domain of the graph *G*:  $\{(a,b) \mid a, b \in \mathbb{A}, a \neq b\}.$ 

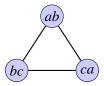


### **Definable Structures**

- domain is a set of tuples of atoms
- relations are defined by first-order formulae over  $(\mathbb{A}, =)$

Domain of the graph *G*:  $\{(a,b) \mid a, b \in \mathbb{A}, a \neq b\}.$ 

Edge relation:  $\{((a,b), (b,c)) | a, b, c \in \mathbb{A}, a \neq b \land a \neq c \land b \neq c\}.$ 



Equivalently:

• structures FO-interpretable in  $(\mathbb{N}, =)$  (model theory)

 $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n)$  - a fixed finite template **Problem:** CSP( $\mathbb{T}$ ) **Input:** a finite structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?  $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n) \text{ - a fixed finite template}$  **Problem:** CSP<sub>def</sub>( $\mathbb{T}$ ) **Input:** a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

### Systems of Linear Equations mod 2

$$\mathbb{T} = (\{0, 1\}; R_1, R_0)$$

- *E* an **infinite** system of linear equations over  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ 
  - variables are ordered pairs of distinct atoms: *ab*, *ad*, ...
  - equations:

ab + ba = 1, where a and b are distinct ab + bc + ca = 0, where a, b and c are distinct

#### **Question:** Does the system *E* have a solution?

### Systems of Linear Equations mod 2

**Theorem [Klin, Kopczyński, O., Toruńczyk].** Given a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  and a finite structure  $\mathbb{T}$ , it is decidable whether there exists a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ .

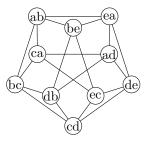
**Theorem [Klin, Kopczyński, O., Toruńczyk].** Given a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  and a finite structure  $\mathbb{T}$ , it is decidable whether there exists a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ .

**Lemma.** For a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  and a finite structure  $\mathbb{T}$ , tfae:

- there exists a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ,
- there exists a homomorphism from I to T which is constant on orbits under the action of monotone permutations of atoms.

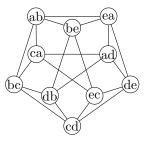
### $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$ for Finite $\mathbb{T}$

**Question**: Is the infinite graph *G* three-colorable?



### $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$ for Finite $\mathbb{T}$

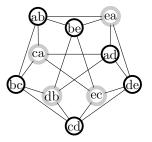
**Question**: Is the infinite graph *G* three-colorable?



Fix a linear order on atoms  $(\mathbb{A}, \leq)$  isomorphic to  $(\mathbb{Q}, \leq)$ . On atoms *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, *e* it can be for example: a < b < c < d < e.

### $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$ for Finite $\mathbb{T}$

**Question**: Is the infinite graph *G* three-colorable?



Fix a linear order on atoms  $(\mathbb{A}, \leq)$  isomorphic to  $(\mathbb{Q}, \leq)$ . On atoms *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, *e* it can be for example: a < b < c < d < e. ab + ba = 1, where a and b are distinct

**Question:** Does the system *E* have a solution?

ab + ba = 1, where a and b are distinct

**Question:** Does the system *E* have a solution?

• 
$$(\mathbb{A}, =)$$
 - one orbit of variables

•  $(\mathbb{A},\leq)$  - two orbits of variables:  $(\cdot<\cdot)$  and  $(\cdot>\cdot)$ 

### Complexity of $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$

**Theorem [Klin, Kopczyński, O., Toruńczyk].** If  $CSP(\mathbb{T})$  is C-complete then  $CSP_{def}(\mathbb{T})$  is Exp(C)-complete.

С	Exp(C)
Р	EXPTime
NP	NEXPTime
L	PSpace

### Complexity of $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$

**Theorem [Klin, Kopczyński, O., Toruńczyk].** If  $CSP(\mathbb{T})$  is C-complete then  $CSP_{def}(\mathbb{T})$  is Exp(C)-complete.

C	Exp(C)
Р	EXPTime
NP	NEXPTime
L	PSpace

### 3-colorability of finite graphs – NP-complete ↓ 3-colorability of definable graphs – NEXPTIME-complete

 $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n) \text{ - a fixed finite template}$  **Problem:** CSP<sub>def</sub>( $\mathbb{T}$ ) **Input:** a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

 $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n) \text{ - a fixed definable template}$  **Problem:** CSP<sub>def</sub>( $\mathbb{T}$ ) **Input:** a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

**Theorem [Klin, Lasota, O., Toruńczyk].** Given definable structures  $\mathbb{I}$  and  $\mathbb{T}$ , it is decidable whether there exists a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ .

**Theorem [Klin, Lasota, O., Toruńczyk].** Given definable structures  $\mathbb{I}$  and  $\mathbb{T}$ , it is decidable whether there exists a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ .

**Lemma.** For any definable structure  $\mathbb{T}$ , the problem  $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$  is polynomial-time reducible to  $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T}')$ , where  $\mathbb{T}'$  is a finite structure computable from  $\mathbb{T}$ . (generalization of [Bodirsky, Mottet; LICS'16])

**Theorem [Klin, Lasota, O., Toruńczyk].** Given definable structures  $\mathbb{I}$  and  $\mathbb{T}$ , it is decidable whether there exists a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ .

**Lemma.** For any definable structure  $\mathbb{T}$ , the problem  $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$  is polynomial-time reducible to  $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T}')$ , where  $\mathbb{T}'$  is a finite structure computable from  $\mathbb{T}$ . (generalization of [Bodirsky, Mottet; LICS'16])

**Corollary.** For any definable structure  $\mathbb{T}$ , the problem  $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$  is in NEXPTIME.

 $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n) \text{ - a fixed definable template}$  **Problem:** CSP<sub>def</sub>( $\mathbb{T}$ ) **Input:** a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

 $\mathbb{T} = (T; \{R_x\}_{x \in X_1}, \dots, \{R_x\}_{x \in X_n}) \text{ - a fixed definable template}$  **Problem:** CSP<sub>def</sub>( $\mathbb{T}$ ) **Input:** a definable structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

### $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$ over a Definable Signature

**Theorem [Klin, Lasota, O., Toruńczyk].** There exists a definable structure  $\mathbb{T}$  (over a definable signature) such that the problem  $\text{CSP}_{def}(\mathbb{T})$  is undecidable.

• Decidability for structures definable over different atoms.

- Decidability for structures definable over different atoms.
- $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n)$  a fixed definable template

**Problem:**  $CSP(\mathbb{T})$ **Input:** a finite structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

- Decidability for structures definable over different atoms.
- $\mathbb{T} = (T; R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n)$  a fixed definable template

**Problem:**  $CSP(\mathbb{T})$ **Input:** a finite structure  $\mathbb{I}$  (over the same signature) **Decide:** Is there a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{I}$  to  $\mathbb{T}$ ?

• **Isomorphism problem:** given definable structures A and B, decide whether they are isomorphic.

## Thank you