Temporal Safety Proofs for Systems Code

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Based on the following papers:

- Lazy Abstraction, POPL'02, Jan 2002
- Temporal Safety Proofs for Systems Code, CAV'02, July 2002

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Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Predicate Abstraction
- 3. Lazy Abstraction
- 4. Proof Generation
- 5. Experiments
- 6. Conclusion and Future Work



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Motivations

- Methodology for the verification and certification of large software
- Crucial for systems code (device drivers)
 - high rate of bugs (especially in device drivers)
 - no runtime protection
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- Crucial for systems code (device drivers)
 - high rate of bugs (especially in device drivers)
 - no runtime protection
 - many third-party providers
- We focus on:
 - safety properties
 - Iocking displines, interface specifications
 - software written in C
 - Linux & Windows NT device drivers



Ingredients

- Model-checking, but...
 - doesn't scale to low-level implementations
 - can only handle (finite) abstractions



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- Verification using abstraction refinement based techniques
 - automatic construction and verification of abstract models
 - counter-example guided refinement
 - Iazy abstraction (non uniform abstraction)



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 - doesn't scale to low-level implementations
 - can only handle (finite) abstractions
- Verification using abstraction refinement based techniques
 - automatic construction and verification of abstract models
 - counter-example guided refinement
 - Iazy abstraction (non uniform abstraction)
- Certification: proof-carrying code
 - verification condition computed from the abstract reachability set
 - proof generation using internal data from verification
 - small correctness certificates



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 - accelerate: exact computation, but too much useless detail







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 - abstract: too get rid of this unnecessary detail



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- P_1, P_2, \ldots, P_n : predicates ($[P_i]$: subset of the state space)
- Abstract states (boxes) are valuations : $\{P_1, P_2, \ldots, P_n\} \rightarrow \{\texttt{true}, \texttt{false}\}$





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- Conservative abstraction (computed using decision procedures)































Abstraction too coarse





Abstraction too coarse





- Abstraction too coarse
- Refinement is needed to avoid this spurious error trace
 split boxes into smaller ones: add new predicates









- Refinement: adding new predicates
- Finer grid





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Refinement with Predicate Abstraction



- Refinement: adding new predicates
- Finer grid
- The refined abstraction is safe!



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 - New predicates automatically inferred from spurious error traces
- Previous work: batch-oriented abstract-check-refine loop
 - Clarke et al.: ACTL* but for finite-state systems [CGJ+00]
 - MSR SLAM Project safety properties for systems code [BR01]



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 - **if** π is feasible in *S* then return *S* is unsafe
- 4. refinement
 - extract an "explanation" of unfeasibility of π as new predicates P_1', P_2', \ldots, P_k'
 - $\square \mathcal{P} := \mathcal{P} \cup \{P'_1, P'_2, \dots, P'_k\}$



5. goto 1.

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- \rightarrow Need a lazy approach



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- \rightarrow Give control to the model-checker



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- precision pre-order \trianglelefteq over regions: \widehat{post} monotonic w.r.t. $\trianglelefteq \cap \sqsubseteq$ ■ usually, \widehat{post} is neither monotonic w.r.t. \trianglelefteq , nor monotonic w.r.t. \sqsubseteq



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- regions: pairs (φ, Γ) , where:
 - $\Gamma \subseteq \mathcal{L}$ is a set of support predicates
 - $\blacksquare \varphi$ boolean formula over predicates in Γ
 - **u** straightfoward meaning $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket$, and empty region: $(\texttt{false}, \emptyset)$



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Example: Predicate Abstraction

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Lazy Symbolic Reachability Tree

create root **r** labeled with r_0

while there are unmarked nodes

pick an unmarked node n:r

if $r \sqcap err \not\equiv \bot$

let $n': r' \xrightarrow{\sigma} n: r$ be the oldest ancestor of n with $pre(err, \sigma) \sqcap r' \not\equiv \bot$

if \mathbf{n}' is the root then return the "error trace" σ

else do_refinement()

else if $r \sqsubseteq \bigsqcup \{u \mid m : u \text{ is an uncovered marked node}\}$

mark n as covered

else for each label $l \in \Sigma$ do

 $r' \leftarrow \widehat{post}(r, l)$

construct a son n': r' of n and label the arc n \xrightarrow{l} n' mark n as *uncovered*

return the region $\bigsqcup \{u \mid m : u \text{ is an uncovered marked node}\}$



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Lazy Refinement

When entering $do_refinement()$, we have:

 $\blacksquare \mathbf{n}' : r' \xrightarrow{\sigma} \mathbf{n} : r \text{ is the oldest ancestor of } \mathbf{n} \text{ with } pre(err, \sigma) \sqcap r' \not\equiv \bot$

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So we have: $\mathbf{n}'': r'' \xrightarrow{l} \mathbf{n}': r' \xrightarrow{\sigma} \mathbf{n}: r$ and $pre(err, l\sigma) \sqcap r'' \equiv \bot$

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• we re-label \mathbf{n}'' by a new region w'' satisfying $w'' \equiv r''$ and $w'' \trianglelefteq r''$

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 \rightarrow The rest of the tree also needs to be updated...



Lazy Refinement (cont'd)

Updating:

- \blacksquare either the subtree starting at the sons of the refined node $\mathbf{n}^{\prime\prime}$ are removed
- or only regions along the path $\mathbf{n}'': w'' \xrightarrow{l} \mathbf{n}': r' \xrightarrow{\sigma} \mathbf{n}: r$ are re-computed

Unmarking recent leaves to garantee correctness:

all covered leaves that were (last) marked after n'' was last marked are unmarked



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Theorem When the lazy abstraction algorithm terminates, either:

- it returns an error-free over-approximation of the (concrete) reachability set, or
- it returns a concrete error path.



Application to predicate abstraction

We re-label $\mathbf{n}'': r''$ by w'' satisfying $w'' \equiv r''$, $w'' \leq r''$ and $\widehat{post}(w'', l\sigma) \equiv \bot$

- Refining a region consists in adding more support predicates
- New support predicates should rule out the spurious error trace

→ Predicate discovery





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- General setting
 - Application to other classes of systems (e.g. hybrid systems)



Lazy predicate abstraction of C

- Control Flow Automata
 - \blacksquare $\Sigma = \mathtt{Op}$: blocks of assignments, if conditions, function calls
 - safety-monitor automaton
- Predicate language L : theory of equality with uninterpreted functions + integer arithmetic



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- Predicate language L : theory of equality with uninterpreted functions + integer arithmetic
- Control locations kept explicit: nodes labeled with (q, r)
- Predicate discovery (from a false error trace):
 - Keep substitutions explicit
 - introduce new (existentially quantified) variables
 - all operations appear explicitly
 - Ask a proof of unsatisfiability
 - Pick predicates appearing in the proof



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 - checks the supplied proof
- Proof checking is much easier than verification!

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Temporal Safety Certification

- Assumption: the program code is a CFA
 - \blacksquare Specification: control location *err* is not reachable from q_0
 - but can use safety monitors to express safety properties



Temporal Safety Certification

- Assumption: the program code is a CFA
 - Specification: control location err is not reachable from q_0
 - but can use safety monitors to express safety properties
- Applying PCC
 - compute the invariant annotations
 - compute the VC
 - Generate the proof





Verification Condition for Safety

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 - \blacksquare $Inv(q_0)$ is equivalent to true
 - *Inv*(*err*) is equivalent to false





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 - *Inv*(*err*) is equivalent to false

$$VC = Inv(q_0) \land \neg Inv(err) \land \bigwedge_{q \xrightarrow{\mathsf{op}} q'} \left(sp(Inv(q), \mathsf{op}) \Longrightarrow Inv(q') \right)$$



Invariant Generation via Lazy Abstraction

Assume that the lazy abstraction reachability tree, from $(q_0, true)$, is computed with no error found. Then:

- If for each node n: (err, r) in the tree, r is empty
- $\blacksquare \text{ if } \mathtt{n} : (q,r) \xrightarrow{\mathtt{op}} \mathtt{n}' : (q',r') \text{ then } sp(r,\mathtt{op}) \implies r'$
- J if n: (q, r) is a covered leaf, then there are internal nodes n₁: (q, r₁), n₂: (q, r₂), ..., n_k: (q, r_k) such that $r \implies r_1 \lor r_2 \lor \cdots \lor r_k$



Invariant Generation via Lazy Abstraction

Assume that the lazy abstraction reachability tree, from $(q_0, true)$, is computed with no error found. Then:

- If for each node n: (err, r) in the tree, r is empty
- $\blacksquare \text{ if } \mathtt{n} \colon (q,r) \xrightarrow{\mathtt{op}} \mathtt{n}' \colon (q',r') \text{ then } sp(r,\mathtt{op}) \implies r'$
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Take:

$$Inv(q) = \bigvee_{\mathbf{n}:(q,r)} r$$



rules: standard deduction rules + special rules (equality, arithmetic, etc.)



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Proof decomposition:



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Proof decomposition:

Goal:
$$Inv(q_0) \land \neg Inv(err) \land \bigwedge_{q \xrightarrow{op} q'} (sp(Inv(q), op) \implies Inv(q'))$$



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Proof decomposition:

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$$Inv(q_0) \land \neg Inv(err) \land \bigwedge_{q \xrightarrow{op} q'} (sp(Inv(q), op) \Longrightarrow Inv(q'))$$

Goal : $sp(r, op) \implies r_1 \lor r_2 \lor \cdots \lor r_k$



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Proof decomposition:

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■ If r is the region of an internal node, with $n: (q, r) \xrightarrow{op} m: (q', r_m)$, reduces to:

Goal : $sp(r, op) \implies r_m$



rules: standard deduction rules + special rules (equality, arithmetic, etc.)

Proof decomposition:

Goal:
$$Inv(q_0) \land \neg Inv(err) \land \bigwedge_{q \xrightarrow{op} q'} (sp(Inv(q), op) \implies Inv(q'))$$

Goal : $sp(r, op) \implies r_1 \lor r_2 \lor \cdots \lor r_k$

If r is the region of an internal node, with $n: (q, r) \xrightarrow{op} m: (q', r_m)$, reduces to:

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 \rightarrow Put together proofs of abstract \widehat{post} computation



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Proof decomposition:

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Goal : $sp(r, op) \implies r_1 \lor r_2 \lor \cdots \lor r_k$

If r is the region of an internal node, with $n: (q, r) \xrightarrow{op} m: (q', r_m)$, reduces to:

Goal : $sp(r, op) \implies r_m$

- \rightarrow Put together proofs of abstract \widehat{post} computation
- The other case is similar


Proof Generation (cont'd)

Optimized in two ways:

- \blacksquare simple proofs of $sp(Inv(q), \texttt{op}) \implies Inv(q'),$ where parts of the disjuncts are matched using the tree
- non-uniform predicate abstraction results in fewer proof obligations



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The BLAST tool

Berkeley Lazy Abstraction Software Verification Tool

http://www-cad.eecs.berkeley.edu/~tah/blast/

- Applies lazy abstraction and proof generation to C programs
 - handles all syntactic constructs of C (MSVC and GCC extensions)
 - applied to Linux and Windows NT device drivers
- 10K lines of Objective Caml



The BLAST tool (cont'd)

BLAST uses:

- CIL compiler infrastructure [NMRW02]
 - to parse C programs and produce Control FLow Automata
- CUDD package [Som98]
 - to represent regions as BDDs over support predicates
- Simplify theorem prover [DNS]
 - for abstract post computation and inclusion check
- Vampyre proof generating theorem [Vam]
 - for predicate discovery and proof generation



The BLAST tool (cont'd)

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BLAST is modular:

- Iazy abstraction algorithm implemented by an OCaml functor
- can use different abstraction structures



Checking drivers with BLAST

- Linux device drivers
 - checked locking discipline
 - safety-monitor automaton with 3 states
 - found interprocedural bugs in the locking behavior
- Windows NT device drivers (from the Windows NT DDK)
 - I/O Request Packet Completion Specification
 - sequence of functions to be called
 - specific return codes
 - safety-monitor automaton with 22 states
 - found bugs involving incorrect status codes



Checking drivers with BLAST (cont'd)

Program	Post-processed	Predicates		BLAST Time	Proof Size
	LOC	Total	Active	(sec)	(bytes)
qpmouse.c	23539	2	2	0.50	175
ide.c	18131	5	5	4.59	253
aha152x.c	17736	2	2	20.93	
tlan.c	16506	5	4	428.63	405
cdaudio.c	17798	85	45	1398.62	156787
floppy.c	17386	62	37	2086.35	
[fixed]		93	44	395.97	60129
kbfiltr.c	12131	54	40	64.16	
[fixed]		37	34	10.00	7619
mouclass.c	17372	57	46	54.46	
parport.c	61781	193	50	1980.09	102967

On a 700 MHz Pentium III with 256 MB RAM



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Conclusion

Lazy abstraction:

- optimizes the three phases of the abstract-check-refine loop
 - model-checking driven
 - local refinement
- enables the automatic construction of small proof certificates
 - proof is generated from the error-free symbolic reachability tree
- has been implemented in the tool BLAST
 - ability to analyze real device drivers (60K lines of C)
 - generates small proofs (less than 150Kb)



Problems & Future Work

- Recursion
 - BLAST currently uses an explicit (unbounded finite) stack
- Acceleration of loops
- Application to other classes of systems (hybrid systems, protocols, ...)
- Efficient operations on interpreted BDDs
- Completeness results
- Non predicate based abstraction structures
 - add abstraction and refinement in symbolic model-checkers?



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