

Automated Extraction of Mixins in Cascading Style Sheets



Alan Charpentier
Univ. Bordeaux



Jean-Rémy Falleri
Bordeaux INP



Laurent Réveillère
Bordeaux INP

France

ICSME 2016

What is behind a web page?

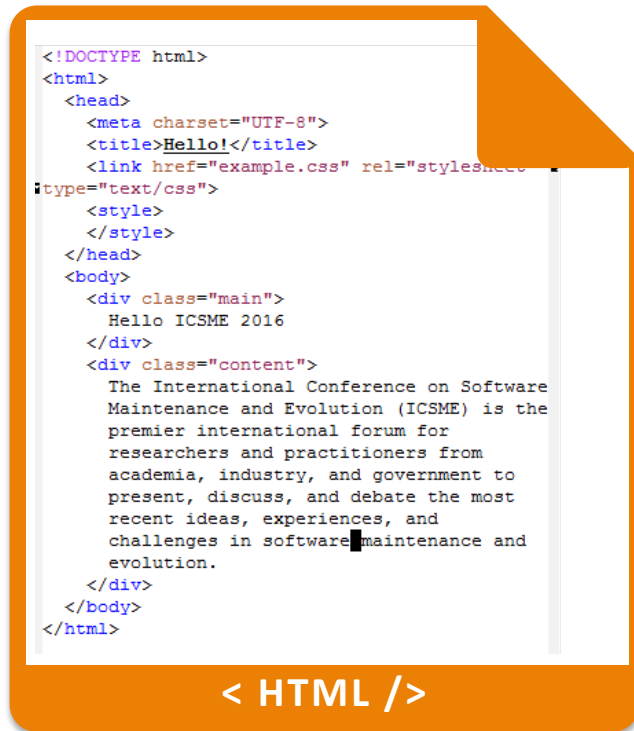
➤ HTML to specify the content

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Hello!</title>
    <link href="example.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
    <style>
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div class="main">
      Hello ICSME 2016
    </div>
    <div class="content">
      The International Conference on Software
      Maintenance and Evolution (ICSME) is the
      premier international forum for
      researchers and practitioners from
      academia, industry, and government to
      present, discuss, and debate the most
      recent ideas, experiences, and
      challenges in software maintenance and
      evolution.
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

< HTML />

What is behind a web page?

- HTML to specify the content
- CSS to describe **how HTML elements have to be displayed**



Graphical rendering

➤ HTML to specify the content

➤ CSS to describe how the content is displayed

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Hello!</title>
    <link href="example.css"
  </head>
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    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

Hello ICSME 2016

The International Conference on Software Maintenance and Evolution (ICSME) is the premier international forum for researchers and practitioners from academia, industry, and government to present, discuss, and debate the most recent ideas, experiences, and challenges in software maintenance and evolution.

< HTML />

CSS



CSS in a Nutshell

➤ CSS file : Set of rules

➤ Rule : Selector points to the HTML elements to style

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
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    <link href="example.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
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      recent ideas, experiences, and
      challenges in software maintenance and
      evolution.
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

< HTML />

```
...
div#main {
  rule
}
...
```

{ CSS }



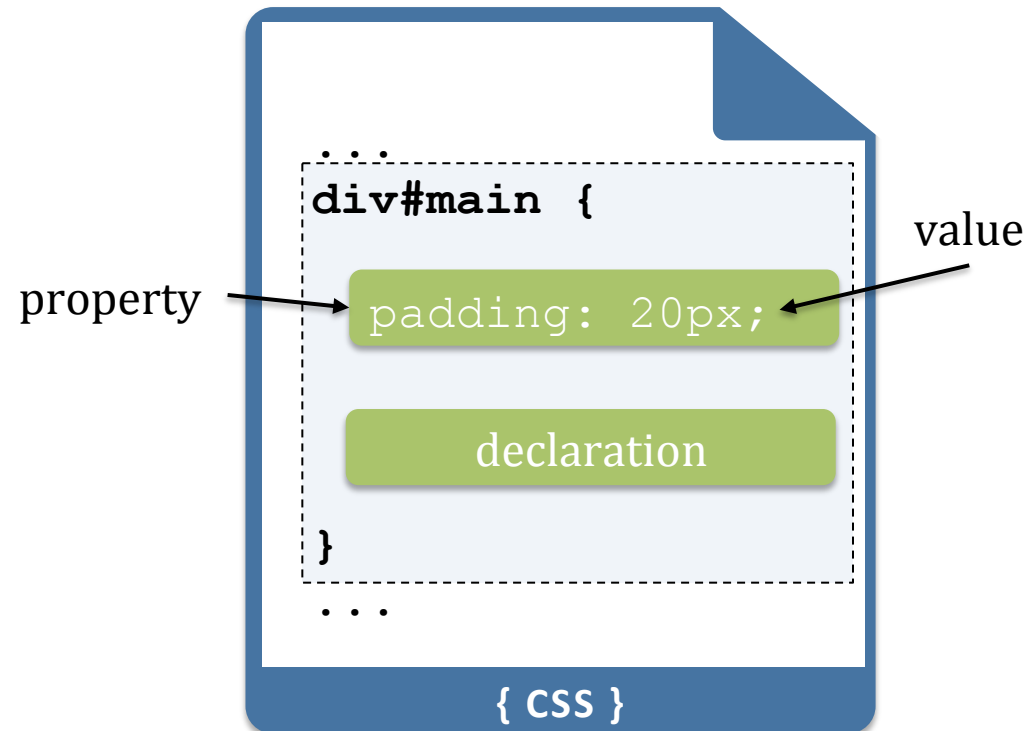
CSS in a Nutshell

➤ Declaration definition of the style

- Couple property & value

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Hello!</title>
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    <style>
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
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      challenges in software maintenance and
      evolution.
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

< HTML />



CSS nowadays

➤ One of the core web technologies with HTML and JavaScript

➤ Almost everywhere

- More than 90% of existing websites rely on CSS

➤ PROS

- Language is *quite* simple
 - Few constructs : selectors, properties, values

CSS nowadays

➤ One of the core web technologies with HTML and JavaScript

➤ Almost everywhere

- More than 90% of existing websites rely on CSS

➤ CONS

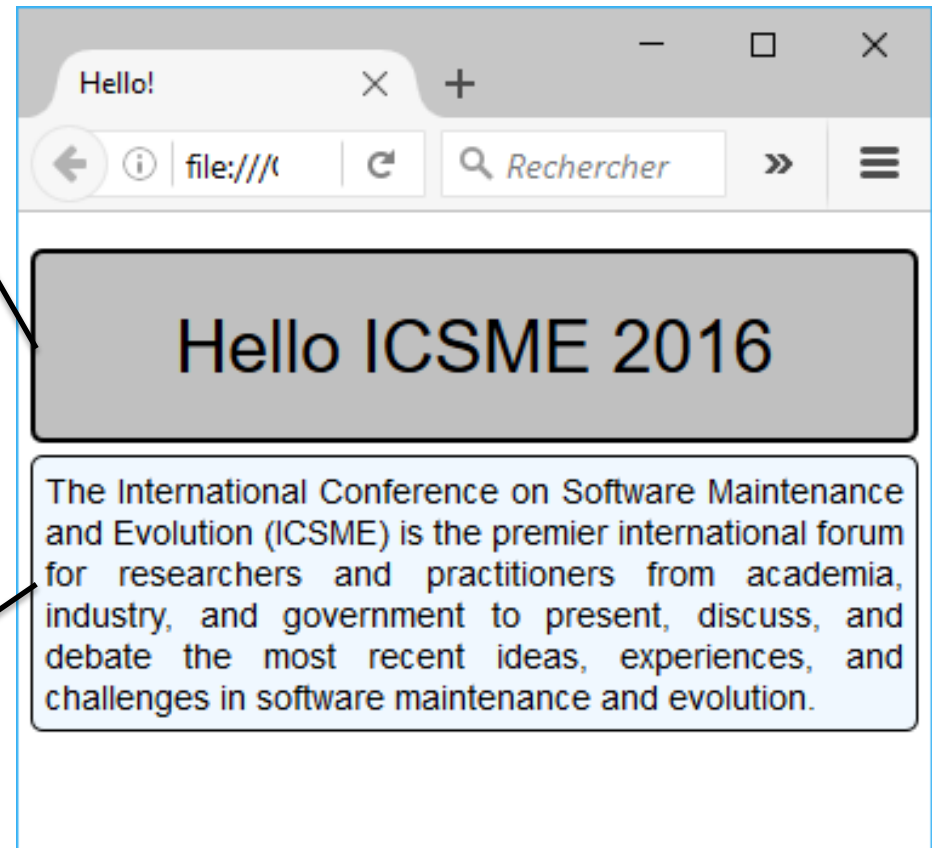
- Up to thousands of rules for one single CSS file
- Language is **too** simple
- No advanced constructs to avoid code duplication
 - Bad for reuse
 - Bad for maintenance
 - Bad for evolution
 - In other words, it is not so good ...

Toy example illustrating code duplication

```
div#main {  
  border-radius: 5px;  
  border-color: black;  
  border-width: 2px;  
  border-style: solid;  
  background-color: Silver;  
  text-align: center;  
  margin: 5px;  
  padding: 20px;  
  font-size: 30px;  
}
```

```
div#content {  
  border-radius: 5px;  
  border-color: black;  
  border-width: 1px;  
  border-style: solid;  
  background-color:  
  AliceBlue;  
  text-align: justify;  
  margin: 5px;  
  padding: 5px;  
}
```

{ CSS }



Raising the level of abstraction of CSS

➤ CSS Pre-processors (LESS, Sass, ...)

- Compile into low-level CSS
- Offer high level reuse mechanisms (variables, functions, mixins)

➤ Increasingly used by developers

- More than 50% use a CSS pre-processor
- Several big projects : Bootstrap, Foundations, ...

➤ One of the main reuse mechanism

- *mixins*

The use of mixins in Sass

```
div#main {
  border-radius: 5px;
  border-color: black;
  border-width: 2px;
  border-style: solid;
  background-color: Silver;
  text-align: center;
  margin: 5px;
  padding: 20px;
  font-size: 30px;
}

div#content {
  border-radius: 5px;
  border-color: black;
  border-width: 1px;
  border-style: solid;
  background-color: AliceBlue;
  text-align: justify;
  margin: 5px;
  padding: 5px;
}
```

{ CSS }



```
@mixin box($w, $p, $c, $a) {
  border-radius: 5px;
  border-color: black;
  border-width: $w;
  border-style: solid;
  background-color: $c;
  text-align: $a;
  margin: 5px;
  padding: $p;
}
```

```
div#main {
  @include box(2px, 20px, Silver, center);
  font-size: 30px;
}
```

```
div#content {
  @include box(1px, 5px, AliceBlue, justify);
}
```

{ Sass }

Issues

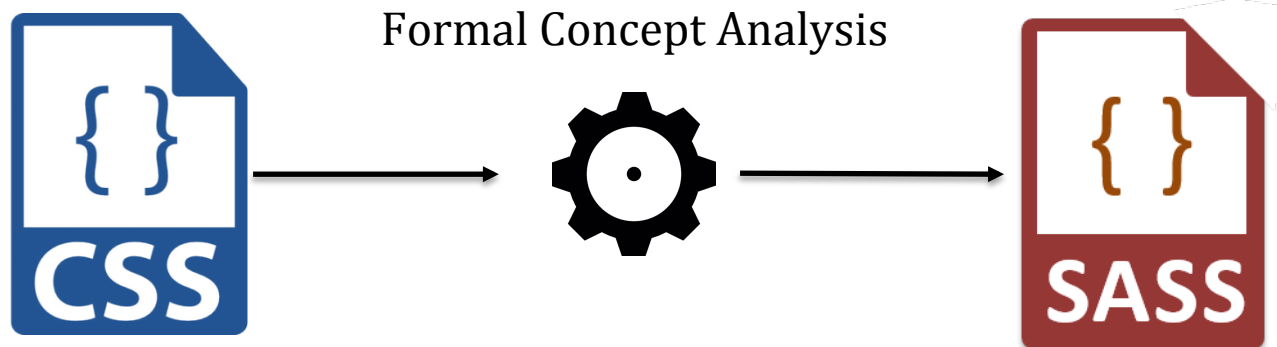
➤ Legacy CSS code

- Large code base

➤ Need for migration to CSS pre-processors

- Requires manual identification of mixin opportunities
- Requires manual code refactoring
- ➔ Laborious and error-prone

➤ Our approach



Simplified use case

```
div#main {  
  border-radius: 5px;  
  border-color: black;  
  border-width: 2px;  
  border-style: solid;  
  background-color: Silver;  
  text-align: center;  
  margin: 5px;  
  padding: 20px;  
  font-size: 30px;  
}
```

```
div#content {  
  border-radius: 5px;  
  border-color: black;  
  border-width: 1px;  
  border-style: solid;  
  background-color:  
  AliceBlue;  
  text-align: justify;  
  margin: 5px;  
  padding: 5px;  
}
```

{ CSS }

Simplified use case

```
div#main {
```

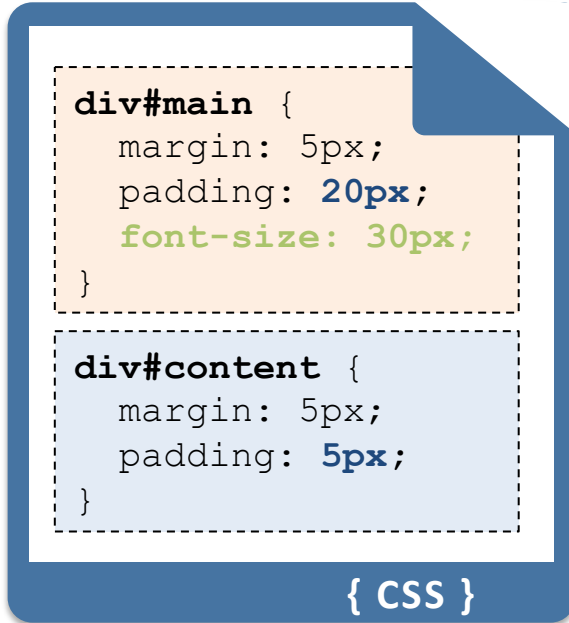
```
    margin: 5px;  
    padding: 20px;  
    font-size: 30px;  
}
```

```
div#content {
```

```
    margin: 5px;  
    padding: 5px;  
}
```

{ CSS }

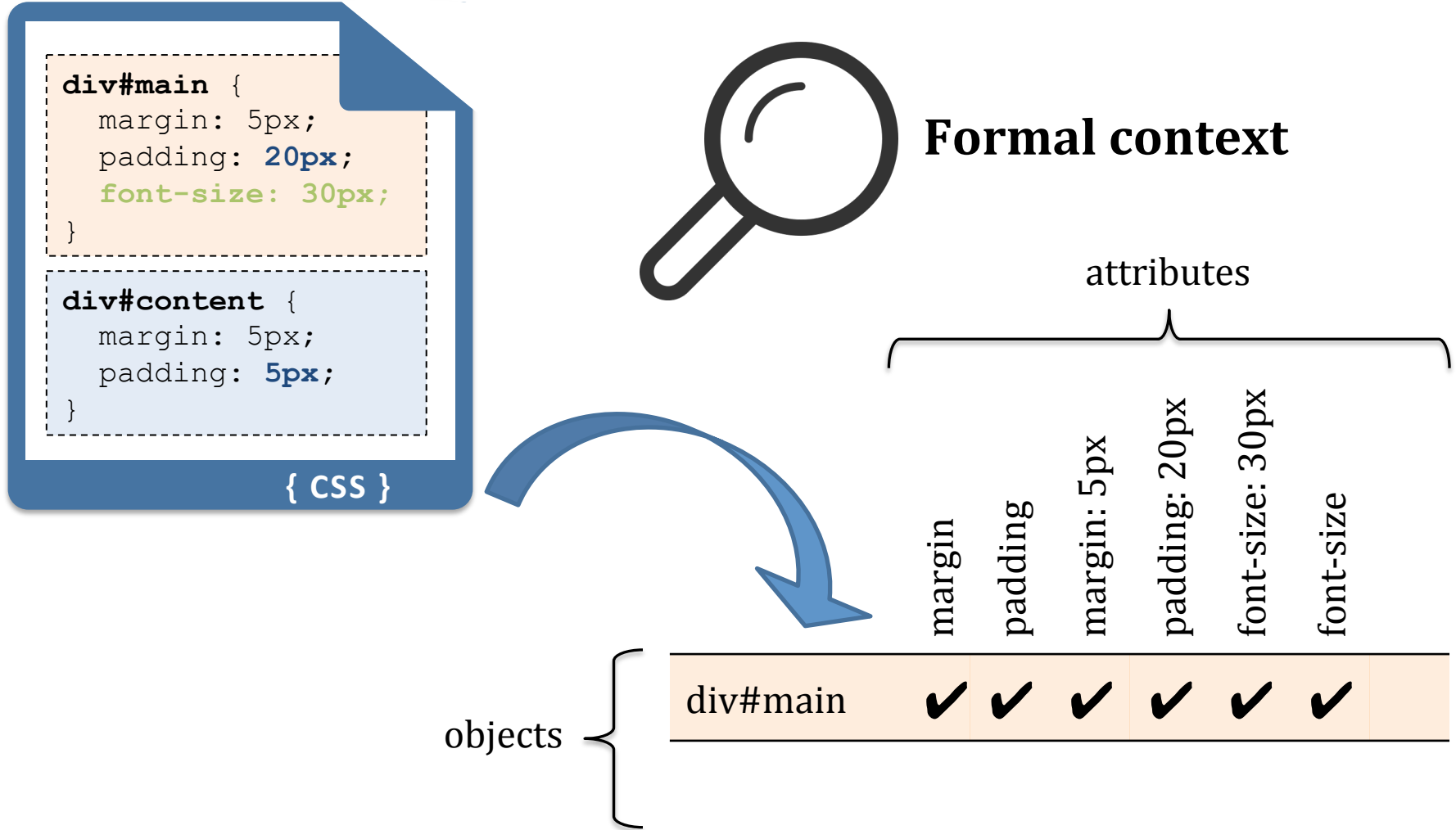
Step 1: formal context



Formal context

*Binary relation associating
objects with attributes*

Step 1: Formal Context



Step 2 : formal concept

➤ Maximal collection of objects sharing common attributes

➤ Formal concept $\equiv (extent, intent)$

- Extent : all objects that share the attributes in the *intent*
- Intent : all attributes shared by the objects in the *extent*

		attributes						
		margin	padding	margin: 5px	padding: 20px	font-size: 30px	font-size	padding: 5px
objects	div#main	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	div#content	✓	✓	✓				✓

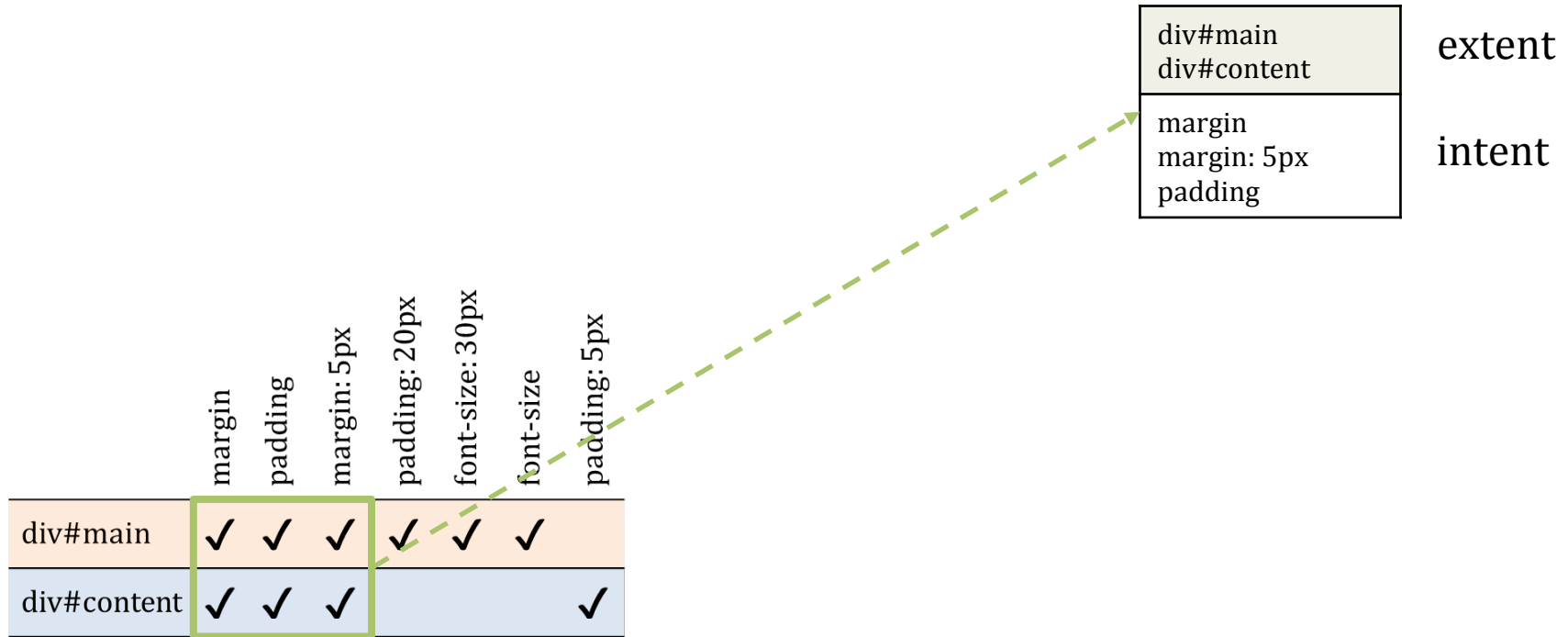
Step 2 : identifying formal concepts

➤ Searching for maximal submatrix of elements

- no other column contains a check in all the highlighted rows
- no other row contains a check in both of the highlighted columns

	margin	padding	margin: 5px	padding: 20px	font-size: 30px	font-size	padding: 5px
div#main	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
div#content	✓	✓	✓				✓

Step 2 : identifying formal concepts



Step 2 : identifying formal concepts

div#main
div#content
margin
margin: 5px
padding

	margin	padding	margin: 5px	padding: 20px	font-size: 30px	font-size	padding: 5px
div#main	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
div#content	✓	✓	✓				✓

div#main
margin
margin: 5px
padding
padding: 20px
font-size
font-size: 30px

Step 2 : identifying formal concepts

➤ Maximal submatrix is not necessarily contiguous

div#main
div#content
margin
margin: 5px
padding

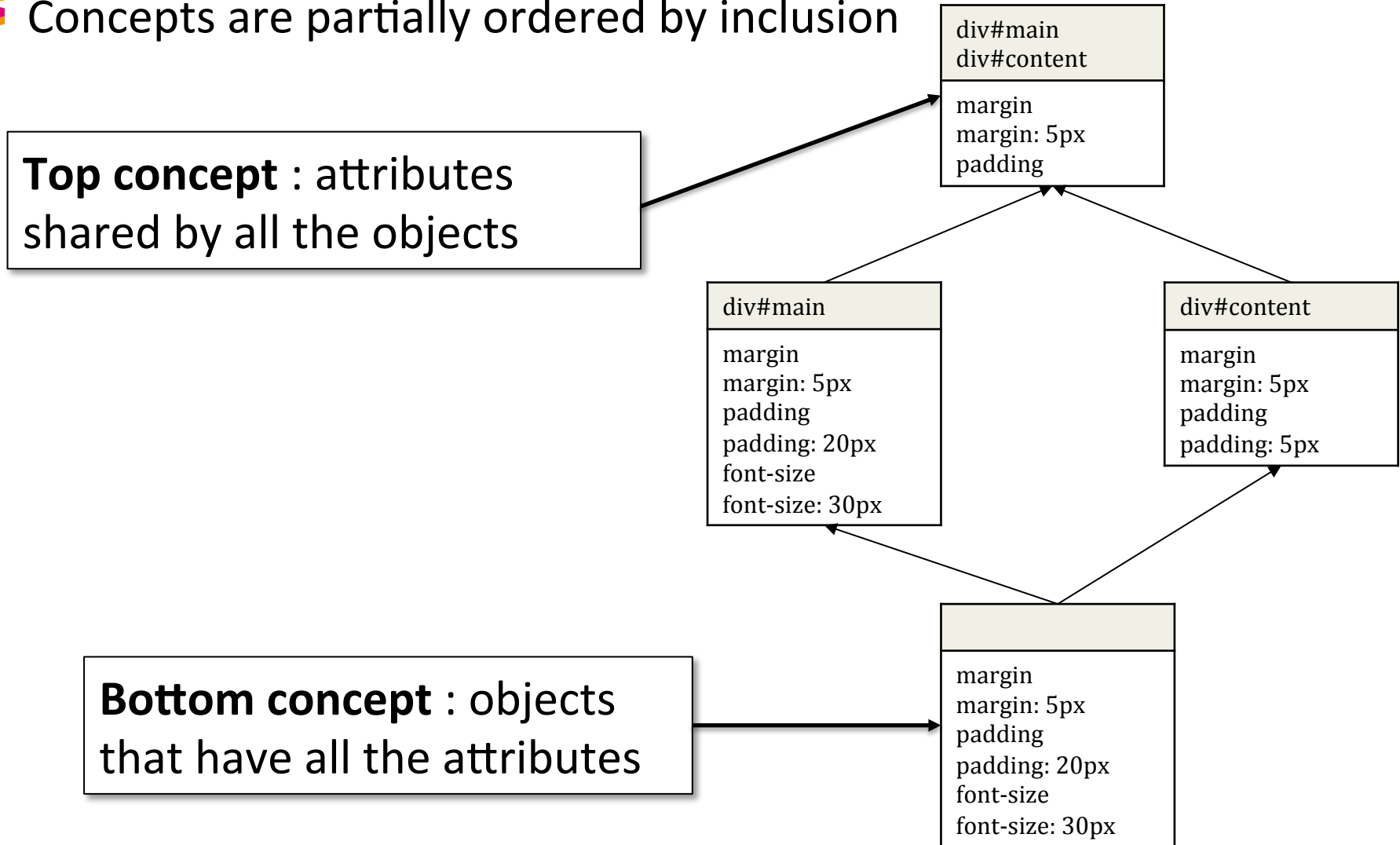
	margin	padding	margin: 5px	padding: 20px	font-size: 30px	font-size	padding: 5px
div#main	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
div#content	✓	✓	✓				✓

div#main
margin
margin: 5px
padding
padding: 20px
font-size
font-size: 30px

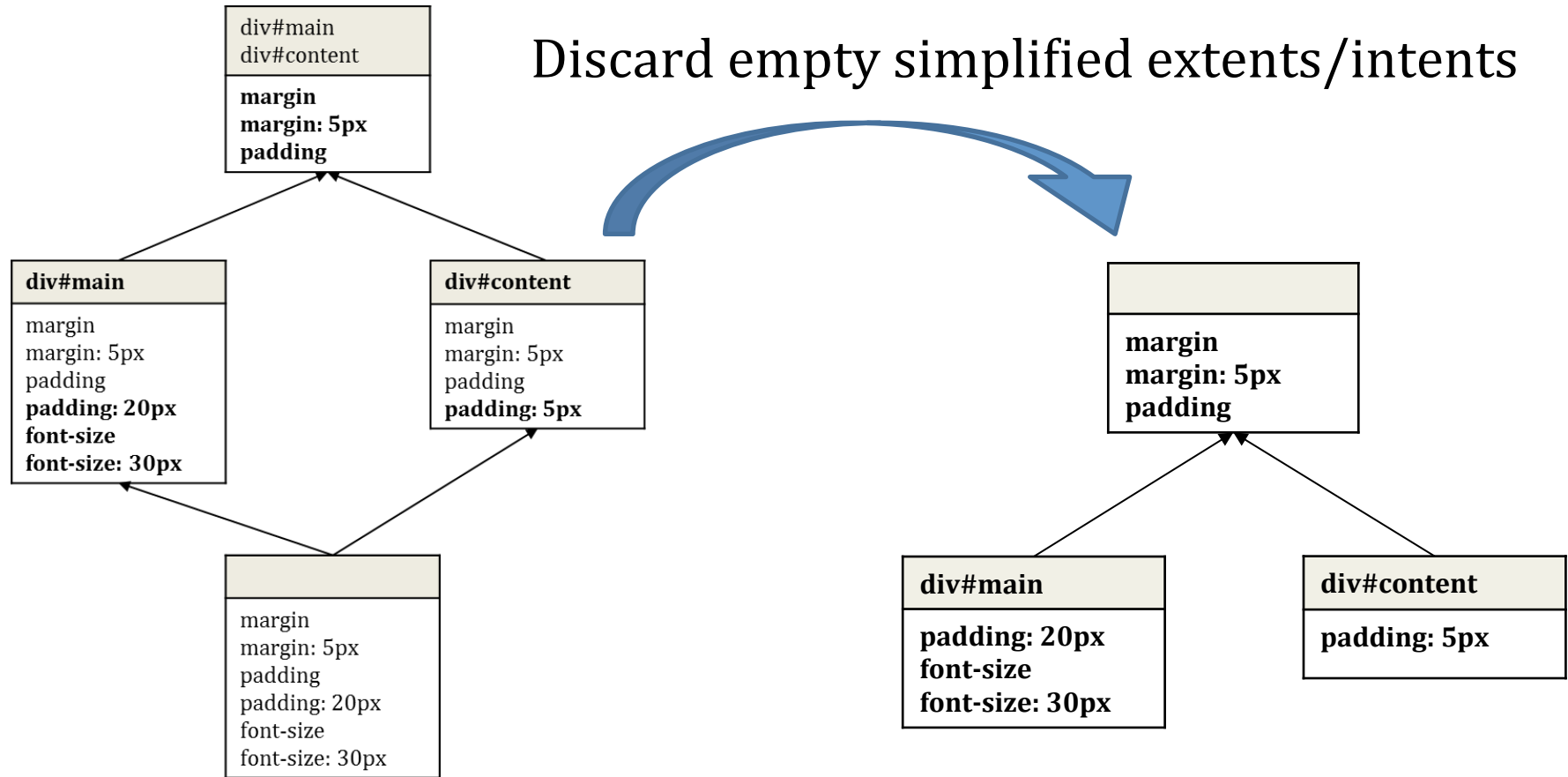
div#content
margin
margin: 5px
padding
padding: 5px

Step 2 : Concept lattice

➤ Concepts are partially ordered by inclusion



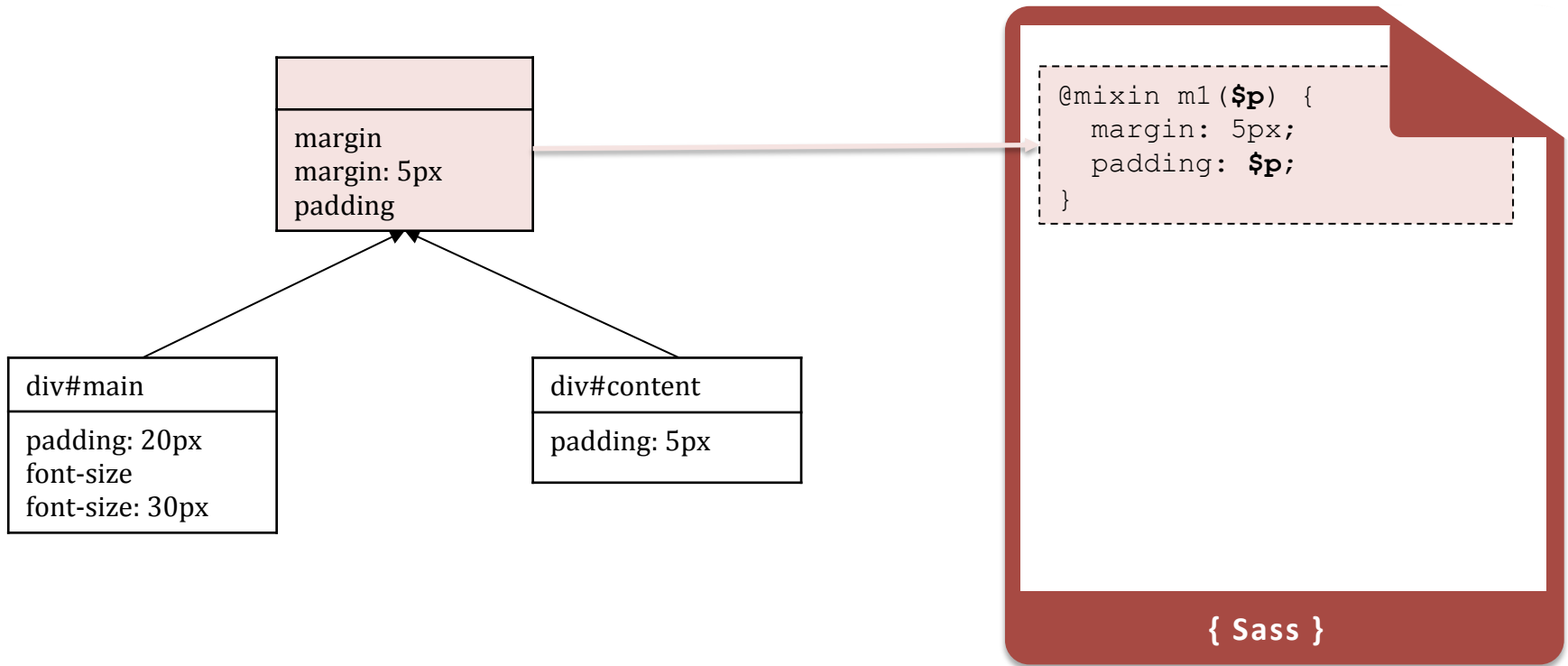
Step 3: Galois sub-hierarchy



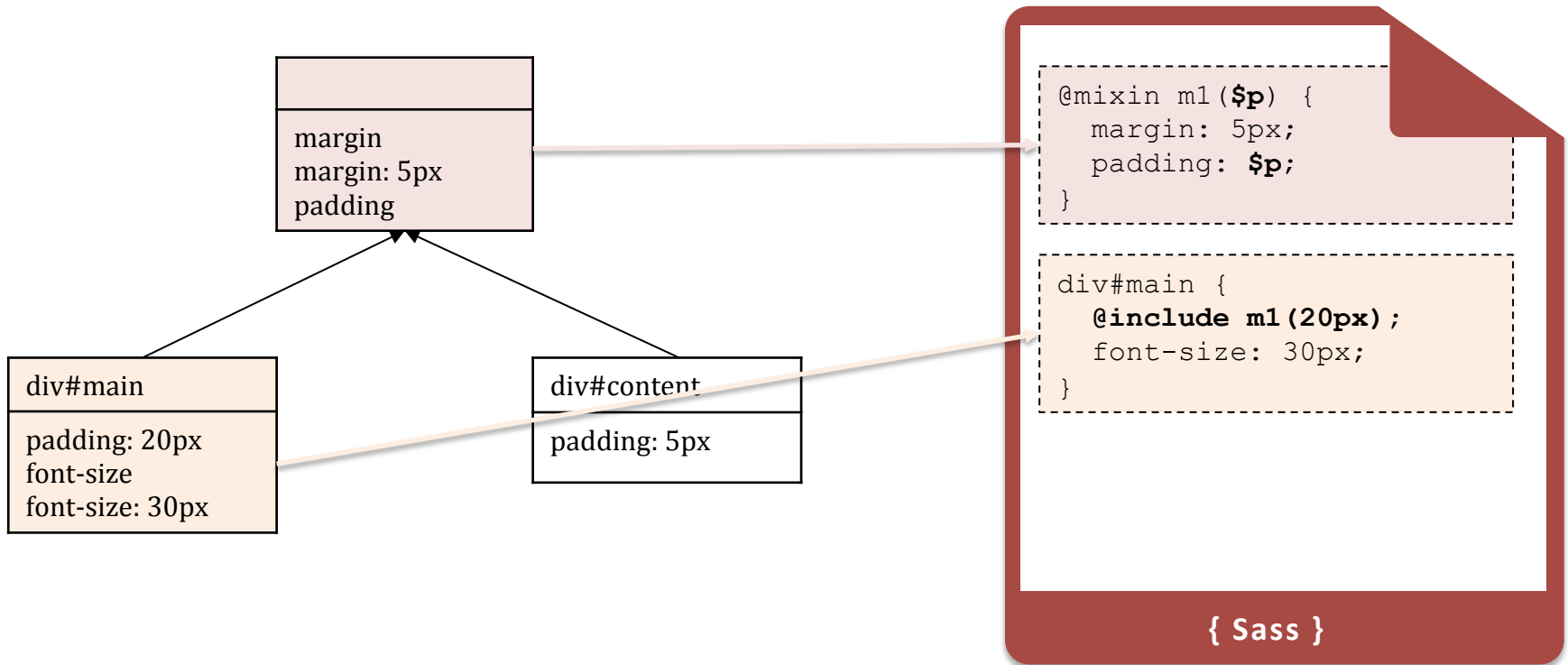
Simplified extent : objects not in the extents of subconcepts

Simplified intent : attributes not in the intents of supconcepts

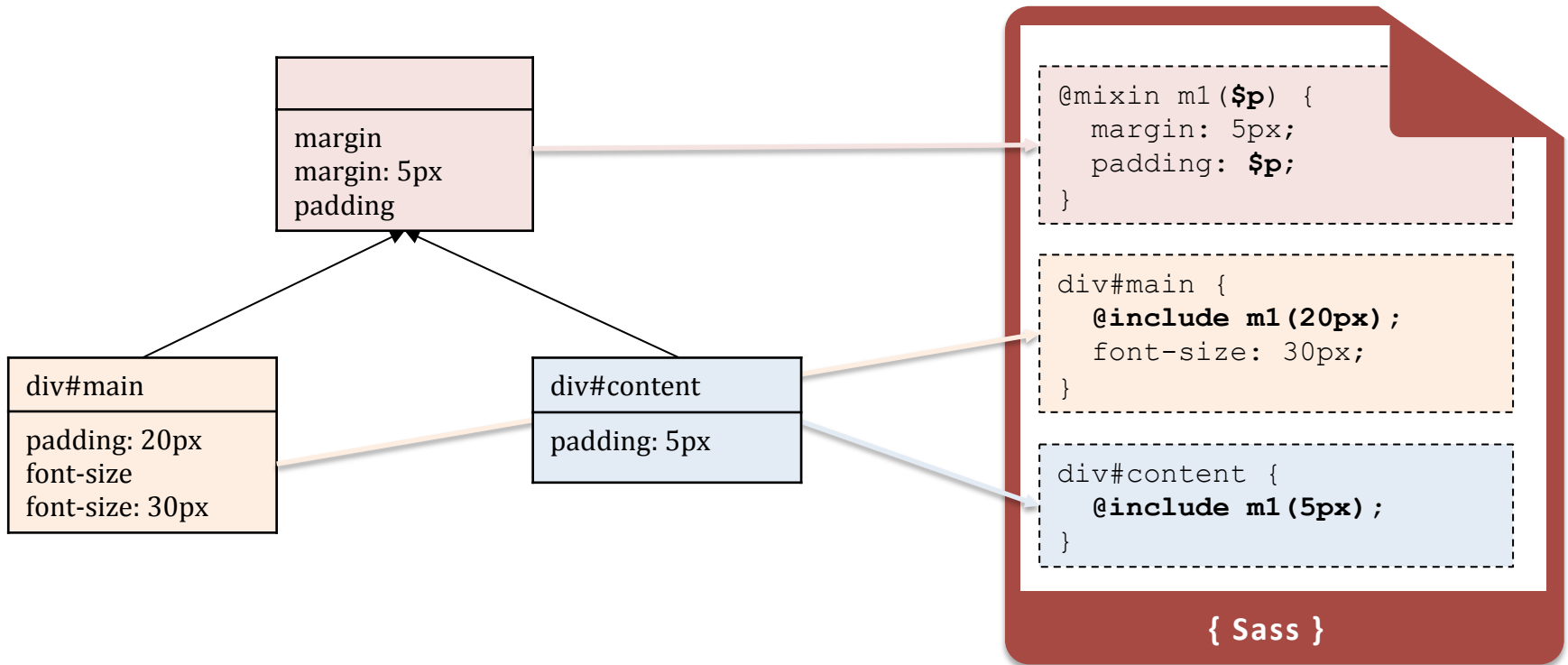
Step 4: Generation of Saas



Step 4: Generation of Saas



Step 4: Generation of Saas



Implementation

➤ Tooling support : mocss

- <https://github.com/acharpen/mocss>
- Publicly available and open-source

➤ Fine-grained control on the generated code

- Filtering of mixins creation based on user-defined criteria
 - parameters, declarations, usage sites, ...
- Grouping common properties
- Preserving semantics

➤ Evaluation

- 108 CCS files from 38 real-world web applications
- Performance : less than 2s (up to 11s in the worst case)
- Relevance : case studies with four web developers

Conclusion

➤ CSS

- Core web technologies with HTML and JavaScript
- Lack of support to avoid code duplication

➤ Migrating legacy code to pre-processors

- Challenging, tedious and error-prone

➤ Our Contribution

- Automatic identification and extraction of mixins
- Tooling support for code refactoring

<https://github.com/acharpen/mocss>