

TD 3 - Lists and Complexity- Master 1 Bio-informatique

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Exercise 1

Write a Python program to create simple linked lists.

To do that you will implement the following api :

```
def push_front(l, e):
    # Add an element to the beginning of the list.
def first( l ):
    # return the first cell of the list.
def end( l ):
    # return the cell at the end of the list.
def next( l, cell ):
    # return the cell which below this cell or
    #None if it is the cell of the end of the list.

def value( cell ):
    # return the value of the list.
```

Exercise 2

By using the previous implementation of linked list, write the following functions :

```
def push_back(l, e):
    # Add an element to the end of the list.
def insert( l, cell, e ):
    # Create a new cell containing the element e and insert this cell in
    # the list just after the cell \texttt{cell}
def copy( l ):
    # return a copy of the list l.
def middle(l):
    # return the element which is in the middle of the list.
def size(l):
    # return the number of elements in the list.
def transfert( l1, l2 ):
    # Move all elements belonging to L2 into L1.
    # L2 is empty at the end of the function.
def search_element(l,e):
    # return the first cell containing e or the cell at the end of the list.
```

Give complexity of each function.

Exercise 3

Do again all the exercises with double linked lists. To do more, you can implement the algorithm of *dancing links* from Knuth : <https://arxiv.org/abs/cs/0011047>.