

5 marks

1. (a) Describe the equation of the plane which contains the points  $A = (0, 0, 1)$ ,  $B = (1, 1, 3)$  and  $C = (1, -3, 1)$  in the form  $ax + y + cz + d = 0$ . Note that we ask that the coefficient next to  $y$  is 1.

Answer:

5 marks

- (b) What angle does the plane from (a) form with the plane given by the equation  $x - y = 0$ ? You may leave your answer in the form  $\theta = \cos^{-1}(\cdot)$ .

Answer:

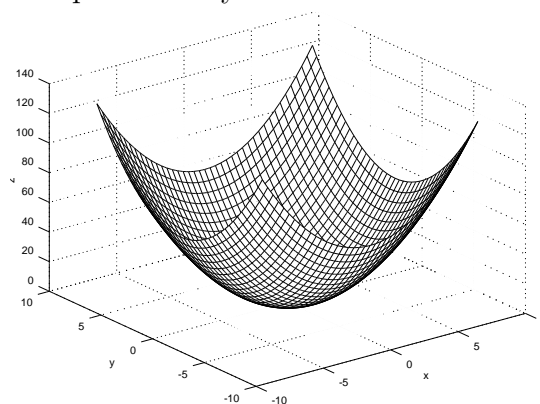
5 marks

- (c) The lines  $\vec{l}_1$  and  $\vec{l}_2$  are described by the equations  $\vec{l}_1(t) = \langle 0, -2, 1 \rangle + t\langle 1, 2, 1 \rangle$  and  $\vec{l}_2(s) = \langle 2, 2, 3 \rangle + s\langle 1, -1, 2 \rangle$ . Give the equation of the line which has as a basepoint the intersection of  $\vec{l}_1$  and  $\vec{l}_2$  and is orthogonal to the plane spanned by  $\vec{l}_1$  and  $\vec{l}_2$ .

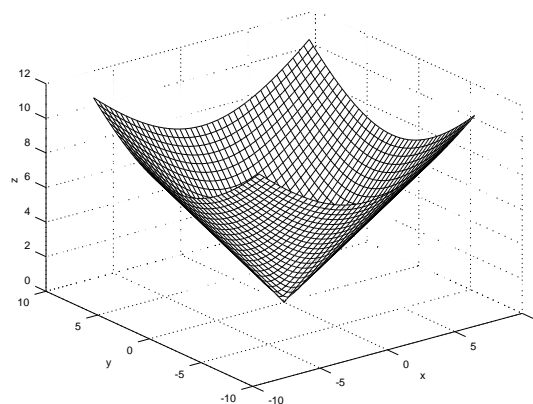
Answer:

5 marks

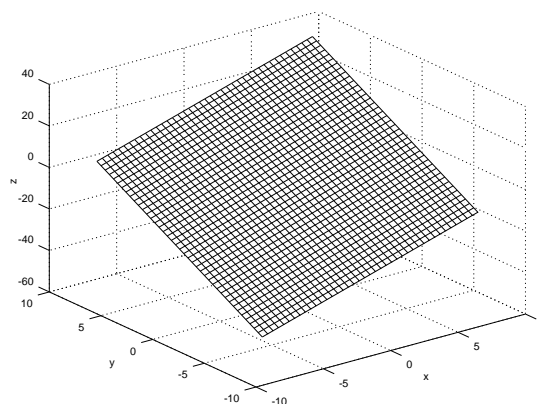
(d) Match the surfaces with the equations below. There is one equation which does not correspond to any surface.



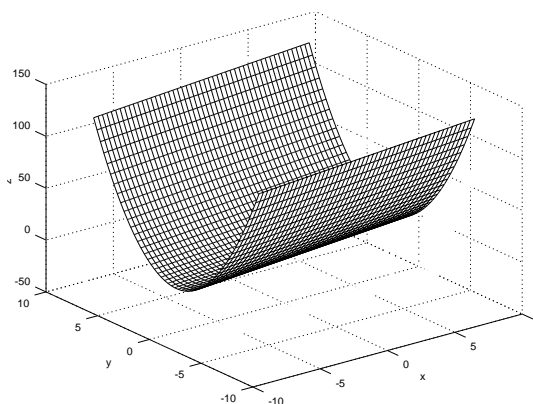
Answer:



Answer:



Answer:



Answer:

$$(A) \quad z^2 = x^2 + y^2, \quad (B) \quad z = x + 2y^2, \quad (C) \quad x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1,$$

$$(D) \quad z = x^2 + y^2, \quad (E) \quad 2x + 3y - z = 4.$$

2 marks

(e) (Bonus marks) Let  $\vec{u} \neq \vec{0}$  be a fixed vector. Describe the set of vectors  $\vec{v}$  which satisfy

$$\|\vec{u} + \vec{v}\| = \|\vec{u}\| + \|\vec{v}\|.$$

Answer:

*This page has been left blank for your rough work and calculations.*