The many ways of computing with real numbers



Vincent Delecroix, CNRS, LaBRI (Bordeaux, France)

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 allow to have a notion of "decidability" for computations involving real numbers

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Some Sage parents in blue

- integers, rationals IntegerRing, RationalField
- "decidable real fields" (subfield of the computable real numbers in which one can decide equality) :
 - algebraic numbers $\overline{\mathbb{Q}} \cap \mathbb{R}$ NumberField, AlgebraicRealField
 - ► linear combinations of π and e with rational coefficients Qπ + Qe (algebraically the vector space Q²) ???
 - ▶ polynomial expressions in π with rational coefficients Q[π] (algebraically the polynomial ring Q[X]) ???
- computable numbers (recall : equality is only semi-decidable) RealLazyField (almost), SymbolicRing (mostly broken)
- the Real-RAM model (close to BSS) ???
- floating point RealDoubleField, RealField
- interval and ball arithmetic RealIntervalField, RealBallField

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sage: w = (2*u + v)/3
sage: m = matrix( [u.list() + [1],
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(in such situation interval/ball arithmetic can discard equality but can not prove equality)



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This is what is used

- in Sage for number fields (NumberField, AlgebraicRealField, AlgebraicField)
- re-Antic https://github.com/videlec/e-antic
- LEDA http://www.algorithmic-solutions.com/leda/index.htm
- Core library http://cs.nyu.edu/exact/core_pages/ used among others in CGAL https://www.cgal.org/ (including the Core Library)

A bit of optimization in Sage

... Jupyter demo ...

The Sage symbolic mess

... Jupyter demo ...

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Available theorems for transcendence

- Lindemann–Weierstrass theorem (1880') : exp(a), log(a) transcendental when a is algebraic
- **Gelfond–Schneider theorem** (1930') : *a^b* is transcendental when both *a* and *b* are algebraic

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One big conjecture

• Schanuel's conjecture (1960') : let $z_1, ..., z_n$ be real numbers linearly independent over \mathbb{Q} . Then $\mathbb{Q}(z_1, ..., z_n, \exp(z_1), ..., \exp(z_n))$ has transcendence degree at least n.

Floating point performances (technical, in progress)

Comparisons between

- machine floating point double
- mpfr real numbers mpfr_t
- mpfi intervals mpfi_t
- arb balls arb_t

...C demo ...

What is implemented (in Sage and elsewhere)?

- machine integer and floats RealDoubleField
- integers IntegerRing (using GMP, MPIR)
- rationals RationalField (using GMP, MPIR)
- floating point RealField (using mpfr)
- interval arithmetic RealIntervalField (using mpfi)
- ball arithmetic RealBallField (using arb)
- embedded number fields NumberField or AlgebraicRealField (relying on NTL and mpfi)
- iRRAM http://irram.uni-trier.de/ (inactive since May 2015)
- reallib (http://daimi.au.dk/~barnie/RealLib/) (inactive since April 2015)

TODO list 1 (genuine real field)

• promote RR as the mathematical real field representing any kind of (exact) real numbers such as π , $\cos(3/2 + \sqrt{2})$, ... (currently in the symbolic ring SR)

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- variadic domain/codomain for functions

```
exp: RR -> RR_{>0}
RDF -> RDF
RealField(n) -> RealField(n)
RealIntervalField(n) -> RealIntervalField(n)
RealBallField(n) -> RealBallField(n)
```

• field of computable numbers (promote RLF ?)

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- arithmetic for continued fraction (Gosper algorithm) (Sage ticket #19120)
- finite \mathbb{Z} -submodules and \mathbb{Q} -submodules of real numbers (relevant when dealing only with linear transformations with integral coordinates $GL(n,\mathbb{Z})$).

TODO list 3 (low-level)

• more fast_float for ZZ, QQ, RealIntervalField, RealBallField, etc (possibly with C versions)

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- more fast_float for ZZ, QQ, RealIntervalField, RealBallField, etc (possibly with C versions)
- cleaning QQbar (meta-ticket #1833)
 - better trees for QQbar (handle n-ary +, node reordering, simplicifcations, etc), possibly share code with the Pynac library
 - creation of a NumberFieldRealEmbedding class and better interactions between embedded number fields (NumberField) and the algebraic field (AlgebraicRealField).
 - introduce Antic as a backend for number fields
 - use arb more than mpfi + accurate polynomial evaluation

TODO list 4 (wish list)

• cylindrical decomposition (real algebraic geometry)

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- automatic theorem proving

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- cylindrical decomposition (real algebraic geometry)
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- solve Schanuel's conjecture ;-)