Introduction to the SageMath software



(https://www.sagemath.org)

slides available at

http://www.labri.fr/perso/vdelecro/teaching.html

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by Vincent Delecroix, CNRS researcher at LaBRI Bordeaux (France)

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- experimental physics or mathematics, make conjectures.



```
In [57]: from scipy.integrate import ode
    y0, t0 = [1.0jr, 2.0r], 0r
    def f(t, y, argl): return [1jr*argl*y[0] + y[1], -argl*y[1]**2r]
    def fac(t, y, argl): return [1jr*arg1, 1r], [0r, -arg1*2r*y[1]]]
    r = ode(f, jac).set_integrator('zvode', method='bdf', with_jacobian=Tru
    r.set_initial_value(y0, t0).set_f_params(2.0r).set_jac_params(2.0r)
    t1 = 10r
    dt = 1r
    while r.successful() and r.t < t1:
        r.integrate(r.t+dt)
        print("%g %g" % (r.t, r.y[-1]))</pre>
```

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Free mathematical softwares exists since the 80's like GAP, R, Maxima, PARI/GP. Each of them is specialized. SageMath is an international project started in 2005 and aims to cover a large range of mathematics.

The developer map



The developer map



One contributor from Russia !? (Alexey U. Gudchenko, contributed 6 years ago)



open source license



open source license



popular programming language



open source license



popular programming language



generic notebook interface







popular programming language

generic notebook interface



»Every free computer algebra system I've tried has reinvented many times the wheel without being able to build the car.«

on the shoulders of hundreds of free mathematical libraries



- SageMath is free.
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Freeness will remain forever and is guaranteed by the GNU GPL license.



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$$\{x \in \{1, \dots, 20\}: 2x^2 - 1 \text{ is prime}\}$$

can be constructed in Sage as

```
[x for x in [1..20] if is_prime(2^*x^2 - 1)]
```

Python is used for many other purposes : web programming, script language, biology, data analysis, etc



Jupyter is a generic web interface for programming language. It can be used with many different languages and softwares : Sage, PARI/GP, C, C++, etc. The list of kernels can be found at

```
https://github.com/jupyter/
jupyter/wiki/Jupyter-kernels
```

JUPYTET Untitled Last Checkpoint: 9 minutes ago (unsaved changes)	
File Edit V	/lew Insert Cell Kernel Help
B + % Ø	🗈 🛧 🔸 📕 🗖 C Code 🔄 🖾 CellToolbar
In [1]:	<pre>from sympy import init_printing init_printing(use_latex='mathjax')</pre>
In [2]:	<pre>from sympy.abc import x,y,z,alpha,epsilon x ** 2 / (alpha + epsilon)</pre>
Out[2]:	$\frac{x^2}{\alpha + \epsilon}$
In [10]:	from sympy import Integral, integrate, sin, pi, Eq A = Integral(sin(x), (x,0,pi)) B = integrate(sin(x), (x,0,pi)) Eq(A, B)
Out[10]:	$\int_0^\pi \sin(x)dx = 2$
In [11]:	integrate(sin(x))
Out[11]:	$-\cos(x)$
In [14]:	<pre>%matplotlib inline from sympy import plot plot(sin(x), (x,-2*pi, 2*pi))</pre>

Out[14]: <sympy.plotting.plot.Plot object at 0x7f8daa3f2850:



Sage is built on top of hundreds of scientific libraries and softwares.

- GMP or MPIR : C library for arbitrary precision integers
- flint : a C library for algebra
- linbox : C++ library for exact linear algebra
- PARI/GP : a CAS for number theory
- GAP : a CAS for group computations
- complete list at

http://www-ftp.lip6.fr/pub/math/sagemath/spkg/upstream/